

GEORGIA

Ranking: Georgia is 37th this year, unchanged from 2010.

Highlights:

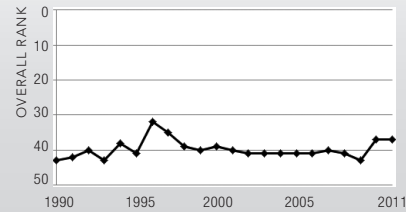
- While smoking has decreased from 22.1 percent to 17.6 percent of the adult population in the past five years, nearly 1.3 million adults still smoke in Georgia.
- Almost 2.2 million adults in Georgia are obese, 894,000 more adults than 10 years ago.
- In the past five years, the violent crime rate decreased from 446 to 403 offenses per 100,000 population.
- In the past ten years, diabetes increased from 6.8 percent to 9.7 percent of the adult population, increasing the number of adults with diabetes in the state to 698,000.
- In the past ten years, the percentage of children in poverty increased from 16.4 percent to 24.7 percent of persons under age 18.

Health Disparities:

In Georgia, obesity is more prevalent among non-Hispanic blacks at 38.1 percent than non-Hispanic whites at 25.6 percent. Diabetes also varies by race and ethnicity in the state; 12.8 percent of non-Hispanic blacks have diabetes compared to 8.4 percent of non-Hispanic whites.

State Health Department Web Site: www.health.state.ga.us

Overall Rank: 37



Change: no change
Determinants Rank: 38
Outcomes Rank: 40

Strengths:

- Low prevalence of binge drinking
- High immunization coverage
- Moderate use of early prenatal care

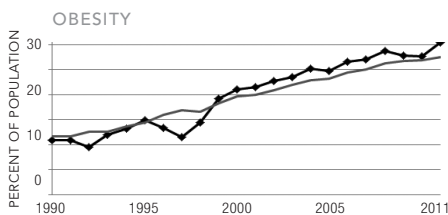
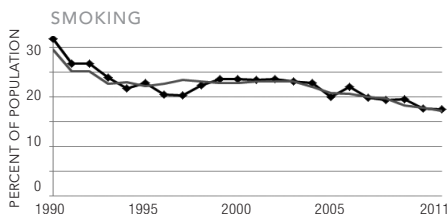
Challenges:

- Low high school graduation rate
- High levels of air pollution
- High rate of uninsured population

GEORGIA

ECONOMIC ENVIRONMENT	GA	U.S.
Unemployment Rate (Aug 2011)	10.2%	8.3%
Underemployment Rate (2010)	17.9%	16.7%
Median Household Income (2010)	\$44,108	\$49,445

MEASURE	ADULT POPULATION AFFECTED		
	2001	2011	10-YR CHANGE
Smoking	1,414,000	1,267,000	-147,000
Obesity	1,294,000	2,188,000	894,000
Diabetes	409,000	698,000	289,000



STATE —◆— NATION ———



For a more detailed look at this data, visit

www.americashealthrankings.org/GA

	2011		NO. 1 STATE
	VALUE	RANK	
DETERMINANTS			
BEHAVIORS			
Smoking (Percent of adult population)	17.6	27	9.1
Binge Drinking (Percent of adult population)	11.5	7	6.7
Obesity (Percent of adult population)	30.4	38	21.4
High School Graduation (Percent of incoming ninth graders)	65.4	46	89.6
COMMUNITY & ENVIRONMENT			
Violent Crime (Offenses per 100,000 population)	403	32	122
Occupational Fatalities (Deaths per 100,000 workers)	4.0	21	2.5
Infectious Disease (Cases per 100,000 population)	12.0	41	2.3
Children in Poverty (Percent of persons under age 18)	24.7	40	6.2
Air Pollution (Micrograms of fine particles per cubic meter)	12.0	46	5.2
PUBLIC & HEALTH POLICIES			
Lack of Health Insurance (Percent without health insurance)	19.9	46	5.0
Public Health Funding (Dollars per person)	\$57	38	\$244
Immunization Coverage (Percent of children ages 19 to 35 months)	92.3	14	96.0
CLINICAL CARE			
Early Prenatal Care (Percent with visit during first trimester)	72.6	17	—
Primary Care Physicians (Number per 100,000 population)	100.2	38	191.9
Preventable Hospitalizations (per 1,000 Medicare enrollees)	68.3	30	25.6
ALL DETERMINANTS	-0.21	38	0.90
OUTCOMES			
Diabetes (Percent of adult population)	9.7	34	5.3
Poor Mental Health Days (Days in previous 30 days)	3.4	19	2.3
Poor Physical Health Days (Days in previous 30 days)	3.5	22	2.6
Geographic Disparity (Relative standard deviation)	14.4	37	4.8
Infant Mortality (Deaths per 1,000 live births)	8.0	43	4.7
Cardiovascular Deaths (Deaths per 100,000 population)	292.1	40	197.2
Cancer Deaths (Deaths per 100,000 population)	190.5	20	137.4
Premature Death (Years lost per 100,000 population)	8,148	38	5481
ALL OUTCOMES	-0.06	40	0.32
OVERALL	-0.28	37	1.20

— indicates data not available. * See measure description for full details.